

ASYMPTOTIC BEHAVIOR FOR QUADRATIC VARIATIONS OF  
NON-GAUSSIAN MULTIPARAMETER HERMITE RANDOM FIELDS

T. T. Diu Tran

*Abstract:* Let  $(Z_t^{q,\mathbf{H}})_{t \in [0,1]^d}$  denote a  $d$ -parameter Hermite random field of order  $q \geq 1$  and self-similarity parameter  $\mathbf{H} = (H_1, \dots, H_d) \in (\frac{1}{2}, 1)^d$ . This process is  $\mathbf{H}$ -self-similar, has stationary increments and exhibits long-range dependence. Particular examples include fractional Brownian motion ( $q = 1, d = 1$ ), fractional Brownian sheet ( $q = 1, d \geq 2$ ), the Rosenblatt process ( $q = 2, d = 1$ ) as well as the Rosenblatt sheet ( $q = 2, d \geq 2$ ). For any  $q \geq 2, d \geq 1$  and  $\mathbf{H} \in (\frac{1}{2}, 1)^d$  we show in this paper that a proper renormalization of the quadratic variation of  $Z^{q,\mathbf{H}}$  converges in  $L^2(\Omega)$  to a standard  $d$ -parameter Rosenblatt random variable with self-similarity index  $\mathbf{H}'' = 1 + (2\mathbf{H} - 2)/q$ .

**2000 AMS Mathematics Subject Classification:** Primary: 60F05, 60H07; Secondary: 60G18, 60H05.

**Keywords and phrases:** Limit theorems, power variations, Hermite random field, Rosenblatt random field, self-similar stochastic processes.

THE FULL TEXT IS AVAILABLE [HERE](#)