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CONVERGENCE OF 2-DIMENSIONAL h-PROCESSES

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Abstract: Suppose that $D\subset C$ is a simply connected domain and p is a minimal Martin boundary point. Assume that there exists a curve in D which converges to p in the Martin topology and to $z\in C$ in the Euclidean topology. Then the same holds for almost all h-paths, where h is a minimal harmonic function represented by p. In such a case almost all h-paths have finite lifetime. This permits to define a Brownian excursion law in D starting from such a point p.

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