

# Theoretical Foundations of the Analysis of Large Data Sets

## Multiple Testing (1)

1. Consider a low dimensional setup:  $p = 20$ , for  $i = 1, \dots, 10$ ,  $\mu_i = \sqrt{2 * \ln(20/i)}$  and  $\mu_{11} = \dots = \mu_{20} = 0$ . Compare FWER, FDR and Power (proportion of identified alternative hypothesis among all alternative hypotheses) of the following procedures:
  - a) Bonferroni
  - b) Holm
  - c) Hochberg
  - d) Benjamini-Hochberg.
2. Large dimensional set-up: Using the settings from Problem 3 in Lab 3 compare FWER, FDR and Power (expected proportion of identified signals) of the following procedures:
  - a) Bonferroni
  - b) Holm
  - c) Hochberg
  - d) Benjamini-Hochberg.

Additionally consider the setting  $\mu_1 = \dots = \mu_{100} = \sqrt{2 \log p}$ ,  $\mu_{101} = \dots = \mu_p = 0$ .

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