

Theoretical Foundations of the Analysis of Large Data Sets

Multiple Testing (1)

1. Consider a low dimensional setup: $p = 20$, for $i = 1, \dots, 10$, $\mu_i = \sqrt{2 * \ln(20/i)}$ and $\mu_{11} = \dots = \mu_{20} = 0$. Compare FWER, FDR and Power (proportion of identified alternative hypothesis among all alternative hypotheses) of the following procedures:
 - a) Bonferroni
 - b) Holm
 - c) Hochberg
 - d) Benjamini-Hochberg.
2. Large dimensional set-up: Using the settings from Problem 3 in Lab 3 compare FWER, FDR and Power (expected proportion of identified signals) of the following procedures:
 - a) Bonferroni
 - b) Holm
 - c) Hochberg
 - d) Benjamini-Hochberg.

Additionally consider the setting $\mu_1 = \dots = \mu_{100} = \sqrt{2 \log p}$, $\mu_{101} = \dots = \mu_p = 0$.

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